W/612,422

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:55:52 ON 25 MAR 2007

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SINCE FILE

TOTAL

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ENTRY 0.21

SESSION 0.21

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

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L1STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:56:21 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -65004 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 65004 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

6 ANSWERS

L26 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplu

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

> ENTRY SESSION

> 172.10 172.31

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s 12

L3 5 L2

=> s 13 and polyanion? 7967 POLYANION?

=> d 13 bib abs hitstr 1-5

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:467291 CAPLUS
- DN 143:109187
- TI A Novel Polypyrimidine Antitumor Agent FdUMP[10] Induces Thymineless Death with Topoisomerase I-DNA Complexes
- AU Liao, Zhi-Yong; Sordet, Olivier; Zhang, Hong-Liang; Kohlhagen, Glenda; Antony, Smitha; Gmeiner, William H.; Pommier, Yves
- CS Laboratory of Molecular Pharmacology, Center for Cancer Research, National Cancer Institute, NIH, Bethesda, MD, 20892-4255, USA
- SO Cancer Research (2005), 65(11), 4844-4851 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- PB American Association for Cancer Research
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ FdUMP[10], a 10mer of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine 5'-monophosphate (FdUMP), the thymidylate synthase inhibitory metabolite of 5-fluorouracil (FU), is most closely correlated with the DNA topoisomerase I (Top1) inhibitor camptothecin in the National Cancer Institute COMPARE anal., but not with FU. FdUMP[10] exhibits more potent antiproliferative activity than FdUMP or 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine (FdU) and is markedly more active than FU. Camptothecin-resistant P388/CPT45 cells lacking Topl are cross-resistant to FdUMP[10] as well as to FdUMP, FdU, and the thymidylate synthase inhibitor raltitrexed (Tomudex). FdUMP[10] induces DNA single-strand breaks and cellular Top1-DNA complexes. Such complexes are also observed in response to FdUMP, FdU, raltitrexed, and FU. The FdUMP[10]-induced Top1-DNA complexes are not inhibited by the caspase inhibitor z-VAD-fmk and form independently of apoptotic DNA fragmentation, indicating that they do not correspond to apoptotic Topl-DNA complexes. In biochem. assay, Topl is directly trapped at uracil and FdU misincorporation sites. The authors propose that FdUMP[10] damages DNA by trapping Top1 at uracil and FdU misincorporation sites resulting from thymidylate synthase inhibition and thymine depletion.
- IT 857502-90-0, NSC 704533
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (novel polypyrimidine antitumor agent FdUMP[10] induces thymineless death with topoisomerase I-DNA complexes)
- RN 857502-90-0 CAPLUS
- CN Uridine, 2',3'-dideoxycytidylyloxy(hydroxymethylene)oxyphosphinico-(5'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L3 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1987:419872 CAPLUS
- DN 107:19872
- Phosphonate analogs of diadenosine 5',5'''-P1,P4-tetraphosphate as substrates or inhibitors of prokaryotic and eukaryotic enzymes degrading dinucloside tetraphosphates
- AU Guranowski, Andrzej; Biryukov, Alexander; Tarussova, Natalia B.; Khomutov, Radii M.; Jakubowski, Hieronim
- CS Inst. Biochem., Acad. Agric., Poznan, PL-60-637, Pol.
- SO Biochemistry (1987), 26(12), 3425-9 CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The substrate specificity of prokaryotic and eukaryotic diadenosine 5',5'''-P1,P4-tetraphosphate (AppppA)-degrading enzymes was investigated with phosphonate analogs of AppppA. App(CH2)ppA (I), App(CHBr)ppA (II), and Appp(CH2)pA (III), but not Ap(CH2)pp(CH2)pA (IV), were substrates for lupine AppppA hydrolase (EC 3.6.1.17) and phosphodiesterase I (EC 3.1.4.1). None of the 4 analogs was hydrolyzed by bacterial AppppA hydrolase (EC 3.6.1.41), and only III was degraded by yeast AppppA phosphorylase (EC 2.7.7.53). The analogs were competitive inhibitors of all 4 enzymes. The affinity of IV was 3-40-fold lower than that of analogs I-III for all 4 enzymes. The introduction of 1 methylene group (as in I and III) [or bromomethylene group (as in II)] into AppppA resulted in a 3-15-fold increase of its affinity for lupine and Escherichia coli AppppA hydrolases. The same modifications only negligibly (10-30%) affected its affinity for yeast AppppA phosphorylase and decreased its affinity for lupine phosphodiesterase I .apprx.2.5-fold. The data provide further evidence for heterogeneity among catalytic sites of all 4 AppppA-degrading enzymes.
- IT 108562-30-7 108562-31-8 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(diadenosine tetraphosphate-degrading enzymes specificity for, of lupine and microorganisms)

RN 108562-30-7 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), P''-(hydroxymethyl) ester, 5'-(hydrogen 5'-adenylate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 108562-31-8 CAPLUS

CN 5'-Adenylic acid, P,P'-(3,5-dihydroxy-3,5-dioxido-2,4,6-trioxa-3,5-diphosphaheptane-1,7-diyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1974:67749 CAPLUS

DN 80:67749

TI Ouabain-receptor interactions in (sodium-potassium ion)-ATPase preparations. II. Effect of cations and nucleotides on rate constants and dissociation constants

AU Erdmann, Erland; Schoner, Wilhelm

CS Inst. Biochem. Endokrinol., Univ. Giessen, Giessen, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, Biomembranes (1973), 330(3), 302-15 CODEN: BBBMBS; ISSN: 0005-2736

DT Journal

LA English

The action of ATP and its analogs, as well as the effects of alkali ions, were studied in their action on the ouabain receptor. One single ouabain receptor with a dissociation constant (KD) of 13nM was found in the presence of Mg2+ + inorg. phosphate (Pi) and (Na+ + Mg2+ + ATP). The pH changes < pH 7.4 did not affect the ouabain receptor. Ouabain binding required Mg2+, where a curved line in the Scatchard plot appeared. The affinity of the receptor for ouabain was decreased by K+ and its congeners, by Na+ in the presence of (Mg2+ + Pi), and by ATP analogs. Ca2+ antagonized the action of K+ on ouabain binding. It was concluded that the ouabain receptor exists in a low affinity and a high affinity conformational state. The equilibrium between both states is influenced by ligands of (Na+ + K+)-ATPase. With 3mM Mg2+, a mixture between both conformational states is assumed to exist (curved line in the Scatchard plot).

IT 51407-25-1

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(ATPase binding of ouabain response to)

RN 51407-25-1 CAPLUS

CN 5'-Adenylic acid, mono(3,5,5-trihydroxy-3,5-dioxido-2,4-dioxa-3,5-diphosphapent-1-yl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1968:418560 CAPLUS

DN 69:18560

TI Immunochemical studies of phospholipids. II. Synthesis of cardiolipin and its analogs

AU Inoue, Keizo; Nojima, Shoshichi

CS Fac. Pharm. Sci., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan

SO Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1968), 16(1), 76-8 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363

DT Journal

LA English

Bis(dipalmitoyl D,L-α-glycerylphosphoryl)-1,3-glycerol disodium salt was synthesized by the condensation of the Ag salt of dipalmitoyl D,L-α-glycerophosphoric acid benzyl ester (I) with 1,3-diiodopropanol benzyl ether, followed by debenzylation with NaI and hydrogenolysis with Pd black. Bis(dipalmitoyl D,L-α-glycerylphosphoryl)-1,5-pentanediol disodium salt, bis(dipalmitoyl D,L-α-glycerylphosphoryl)-1,4-butanediol disodium salt, bis(dipalmitoyl D,L-α-glycerylphosphoryl)-1,2-ethanediol disodium salt, and bis(dipalmitoyl D,L-α-glycerylphosphoryl)methanediol disodium salt were synthesized similarly by the condensation of the silver salt of I with alkyl diiodide or dibromide, followed by debenzylation with NaI. Bis(benzylphosphoryl)-1,3-propanediol disodium was synthesized by condensation of Ag dibenzyl phosphate with alkyl diiodide, followed by debenzylation with NaI.

IT 18558-51-5P

RN 18558-51-5 CAPLUS

CN Palmitin, 1,2-di-, dihydrogen phosphate, methylene ester, disodium salt, DL- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

-(CH₂)₁₄-Me

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1967:515297 CAPLUS

DN 67:115297

TI Immunochemical studies of phospholipids. I. Reactivity of various synthetic cardiolipin derivatives with Wassermann antibody

AU Inoue, Keizo; Nojima, Shoshichi

CS Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan

SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (1967), 1(4), 360-7 CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084

DT Journal

LA English

The reactivity of synthetic cardiolipin (I) analogs with pooled syphilitic serum was tested both by complement fixation and microflocculation tests. With palmitoyl groups, the reactivity was the same as that of beef heart I. Deoxycardiolipin (II) and O-benzoylcardiolipin had low activity, as did analogs with one phosphate group (D,L- α -dipalmitoyl bisphosphatidic acid). Bisphosphatidic acids bound by -(CH2)n- showed highest reactivity for n = 3 (II). The synthetic D,L-I was as active as natural I. Thus the determinant portions of the mol. appeared to be the β -OH and the 2 phosphate groups, separated by the proper number (3) of C atoms.

IT 18558-51-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with Wassermann antibody)

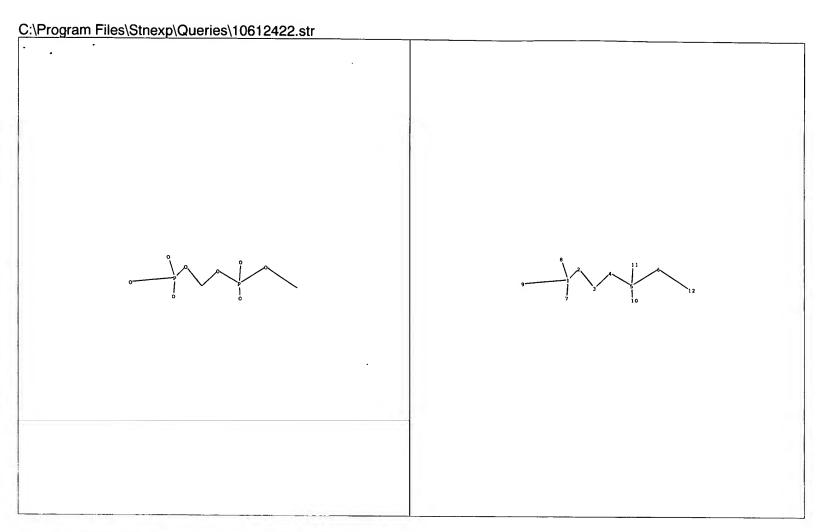
RN 18558-51-5 CAPLUS

CN Palmitin, 1,2-di-, dihydrogen phosphate, methylene ester, disodium salt, DL- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 - (CH₂)₁₄-Me

=> s 13 and nanoparticle 45710 NANOPARTICLE L5 0 L3 AND NANOPARTICLE

=>



chain nodes:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

chain bonds:

1-2 1-7 1-8 1-9 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-10 5-11 6-12

exact/norm bonds:

1-2 1-7 1-8 1-9 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-10 5-11 6-12

Match level:

1:CLASS2:CLASS3:CLASS4:CLASS5:CLASS6:CLASS7:CLASS8:CLASS9:CLASS10:CLASS11:CLASS12:CLASS

=> file biosis medline caplus wpids uspatfull
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 32.25 204.56

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

-3.90

-3.90

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=> s nanoparticle
L6 60115 NANOPARTICLE

=> s polyanion? (4a) conjugate? L7 204 POLYANION? (4A) CONJUGATE?

=> s 11 and 12

SUBSTANCE QUERIES NOT VALID IN THIS FILE
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structure search as a search term or profile in some bibliographic
file containing Registry Numbers, e.g. the CA file. For an
explanation, enter "HELP CROSSOVER" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s 16 and 17 L8 10 L6 AND L7

=> s 18 and plurality
L9 4 L8 AND PLURALITY

=> d 19 bib abs 1-4

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2005:305453 USPATFULL

TI Nanoparticular targeting and therapy

IN Prokop, Ales, Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES
Davidson, Jeffrey M., Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES
Carlesso, Gianluca, Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES
Roberts, David, Bethesda, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2005266090 A1 20051201

AI US 2005-125438 A1 20050510 (11)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-833370, filed on 28 Apr 2004, PENDING

PRAI US 2003-466375P 20030429 (60)

DT Utility FS APPLICATION Benjamin Aaron Adler, ADLER & ASSOCIATES, 8011 Candle Lane, Houston, TX, LREP 77071, US Number of Claims: 34 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1384 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. AB The present invention provides biocompatible, low molecular weight nanoparticulate formulations that are designed to retain and deliver therapeutics over an extended time course. The therapeutic may be conjugated or adsorbed to the periphery of the corona or conjugated to a core polymer. The nanoparticles comprise targeting ligands also conjugated or adsorbed to the periphery of the corona and/or a contrast agent in the core of the nanoparticle. As such, methods of selective targeting and/or methods of noninvasive imaging using bioluminescence and/or magnetic resonance imaging. Also provided are methods of delivering to and, optionally, imaging of a cell or tissue. Further provided are methods of producing the nanoparticles in batch or continuous mode via simple mixing or laminar flow. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L9 ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN AN 2005:124414 USPATFULL Electrical contacts for molecular electronic transistors TI Aviram, Ari, Croton On Hudson, NY, UNITED STATES ΙN PΙ US 2005106804 A1 20050519 US 6989290 B2 20060124 US 2003-714083 ΑI A1 20031115 (10) DTUtility FS APPLICATION LREP Ari Aviram, 444 Bramblebush Road, Croton On Hudson, NY, 10520, US CLMN Number of Claims: 19 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 725 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. Electronic circuits based on molecular transistors, generally used in AB place of semiconductors. More particularly, the invention relates to a unique method of wiring of a three-terminal molecule (or an aggregate thereof) to serve as an electronic transistor, containing a gate electrode, a source electrode, and a drain electrode. The source electrode and drain electrode are fabricated from one metal and the gate electrode is fabricated from another metal. The usage of molecular properties in this context provides significant advantages over the fabrication methods of the prior art. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L9 ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN AN 2005:69028 USPATFULL ΤI Conformationally flexible cationic conjugated polymers TN Bazan, Guillermo C., Santa Barbara, CA, UNITED STATES Liu, Bin, Goleta, CA, UNITED STATES PA The Regents of the University of California, Oakland, CA (U.S. corporation) PТ US 2005059168 **A**1 20050317 US 7144950 B2 20061205 US 2003-666333 ΑI **A**1 20030917 (10) Utility DT

Bingham McCutchen LLP, Suite 1800, Three Embarcadero Center, San

FS

LREP

APPLICATION

Francisco, CA, 94111-4067

CLMN Number of Claims: 42 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2010

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Methods, compositions and articles of manufacture involving cationic conjugated conformationally flexible polymers are provided. A method for the synthesis of cationic water-soluble polymers with linkages along the polymer main chain structure which disrupt the ability of the polymers to form extended-rod structures is provided. Such polymers may serve in the fabrication of novel optoelectronic devices and in the development of highly efficient biosensors. The invention further relates to the application of these polymers in assay methods.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:69995 USPATFULL

TI Nanoparticle polyanion conjugates and

methods of use thereof in detecting analytes

IN Storhoff, James J., Evanston, IL, UNITED STATES
Letsinger, Robert L., Bloomington, IN, UNITED STATES

Hagenow, Susan R., Salem, WI, UNITED STATES
PA Nanosphere, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2004053222 A1 20040318

AI US 2003-612422 A1 20030702 (10)

PRAI US 2002-393255P 20020702 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Emily Miao, McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff, 32nd Floor, 300 S.

Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL, 60606

CLMN Number of Claims: 50 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1179

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides polyanionic polymer conjugates containing non-nucleotide polyanionic polymers that are useful in detecting target analytes such as proteins or small molecules. The invention also provides nanoparticles bound to polyanionic polymer conjugates and methods of preparation and use thereof. The polyanionic polymer conjugates have the formula:

L--O--[PO.sub.2--O--Z--O].sub.n--PO.sub.2--O--X

wherein n ranges from 1 to 200; L represents a moiety comprising a functional group for attaching the polyanion polymer to the nanoparticle surface; Z represents a bridging group, and X represents Q, X' or --Q--X', wherein Q represents a functional group for attaching a recognition probe to the polyanion polymer, and X' represents a recognition probe.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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=> file biosis medline caplus wpids uspatfull
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s nanoparticle (7a) polyanion?
L1 30 NANOPARTICLE (7A) POLYANION?

=> s 11 and phopho?

L2 0 L1 AND PHOPHO?

=>

<---->User Break---->

=> s 11 and phospho?

L3 17 L1 AND PHOSPHO?

=> s 13 and polymer?

L4 17 L3 AND POLYMER?

=> s 14 and (link? or bridg?) (3a) group? L5 10 L4 AND (LINK? OR BRIDG?) (3A) GROUP?

=> dup rem 15

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

L6 9 DUP REM L5 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

=> d 16 bib abs 1-9

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2007:42169 USPATFULL

TI Endosomolytic Polymers

IN Rozema, David B., 9418 Whippoorwill Way, Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES 53562

Wakefield, Darren H., 2790 Lyman Lane, Fitchburg, WI, UNITED STATES 53711

Wolff, Jon A., 1122 University Bay Drive, Madison, WI, UNITED STATES 53705

Budker, Vladimir G., Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES

Budker, Tatyana, Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES legal representative

Monahan, Sean D., Mazomanie, WI, UNITED STATES Trubetskoy, Vladimir, Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES

Hagstrom, James E., Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES

```
Loomis, Aaton G., Prairie du Sac, WI, UNITED STATES
       Slattum, Paul M., Cottonwood Heights, UT, UNITED STATES
       MIRUS BIO CORPORATION, Madison, WI, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)
PA
PΙ
       US 2007036865
                           A1 20070215
ΑI
       US 2006-533115
                           A1 20060919 (11)
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-619778, filed on 15 Jul 2003,
       GRANTED, Pat. No. US 7138382 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
       2004-816081, filed on 1 Apr 2004, PENDING Division of Ser. No. US
       2000-589978, filed on 7 Jun 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6630351
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       MIRUS CORPORATION, 505 SOUTH ROSA RD, MADISON, WI, 53719, US
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 20
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 947
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       We describe pH-sensitive endosomolytic polymers, delivery
       particles containing pH-sensitive endosomolytic polymers. The
       described particles are capable of delivering polynucleotides to cells
       from the peripheral circulation with subsequent release from endosomes.
       The endosomolytic polymers are inactive outside the cell but
       disrupt membranes upon exposure to an acidified endosomal compartment.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L6
     ANSWER 2 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
       2006:254317 USPATFULL
ΑN
TI
       Dioxetane-nanoparticle assemblies for energy transfer detection systems,
       methods of making the assemblies, and methods of using the assemblies in
       Sparks, Alison, N. Andover, MA, UNITED STATES
IN
       Wang, Zhixian, Winchester, MA, UNITED STATES
       Edwards, Brooks, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES
       Juo, Rouh-Rong, Allston, MA, UNITED STATES
PΙ
       US 2006216768
                           A1
                                20060928
       US 2005-221895
ΑI
                           A1
                                20050909 (11)
       US 2004-608130P
                           20040909 (60)
PRAI
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       MERCHANT & GOULD PC, P.O. BOX 2903, MINNEAPOLIS, MN, 55402-0903, US
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 31
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       15 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 1067
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       Assemblies comprising nanoparticles and chemiluminescent substrates such
       as dioxetanes are provided. The assemblies can be used in assays to
       detect the presence and/or amount of a single analyte or multiple
       analytes in a sample. Methods of making the assemblies are also
       described.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 3 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
L6
AN
       2005:293810 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Methods of enhancing radiation effects with metal nanoparticles
       Hainfeld, James F., Shorchsm, NY, UNITED STATES Slatkin, Daniel N., Southold, NY, UNITED STATES
TN
PΙ
       US 2005256360
                           A1
                                20051117
ΑI
       US 2005-186675
                                20050721 (11)
                            A1
RLI
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 2003-387059, filed on 12 Mar 2003, PENDING
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
```

```
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 44
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1449
AB
       The present invention provides methods of using metal nanoparticles 0.5
       to 400 nm in diameter to enhance the dose and effectiveness of x-rays or
       of other kinds of radiation in therapeutic regimes of ablating a target
       tissue such as tumor. The metal nanoparticles can be administered
       intravenously, intra-arterially, or locally to achieve specific loading in and around the target tissue. The metal nanoparticles can also be
       linked to chemical and/or biochemical moieties which bind specifically
       to the target tissue. The enhanced radiation methods can also be applied
       to ablate unwanted tissues or cells ex vivo.
L6
     ANSWER 4 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
ΑN
       2005:183376 USPATFULL
TI
       Aligned long DNA molecules on templates and methods for preparing
IN
       Ivanisevic, Albena, West Lafayette, IN, UNITED STATES
       Nyamjav, Dorjderem, Logan, UT, UNITED STATES
       Kinsella, Joseph Matthew, West Lafayette, IN, UNITED STATES
PΙ
       US 2005158763
                            A1 20050721
       US 2004-15121
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PRAI
       US 2003-531352P
                            20031219 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       BARNES & THORNBURG, 11 SOUTH MERIDIAN, INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46204, US
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 21
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1328
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present disclosure describes methods for aligning nucleic acid
AR
       molecules in a predetermined configuration on a solid surface. In one
       illustrative embodiment, DNA is coated with metallic nanoparticles and
       the coated DNA is positioned on a solid support in a controlled manner.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 5 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
L6
AN
       2005:24319 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Methods of enhancing radiation effects with metal nanoparticles
TN
       Hainfeld, James F., Shoreham, NY, UNITED STATES Slatkin, Daniel N., Essex, CT, UNITED STATES
PΤ
       US 2005020869
                            A1
                                20050127
       US 2003-705614
AΙ
                            A1
                                 20031110 (10)
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-387059, filed on 12 Mar 2003,
RLI
       PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-363204, filed on 29 Jul
       1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6645464
       US 1998-94669P
PRAI
                            19980730 (60)
DΤ
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC, 400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA, GARDEN CITY,
       NY, 11530
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 43
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1532
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The present invention provides methods of using metal nanoparticles 0.5
       to 400 nm in diameter to enhance the dose and effectiveness of x-rays or
       of other kinds of radiation in therapeutic regimes of ablating a target
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Frank S. DiGiglio, Esq., SCULLY, SCOTT, MURPHY & PRESSER, 400 Garden

City Plaza, Garden City, NY, 11530, US

LREP

tissue, such as tumor. The metal nanoparticles can be administered intravenously, intra-arterially, or locally to achieve specific loading in and around the target tissue. The metal nanoparticles can also be linked to chemical and/or biochemical moieties which bind specifically to the target tissue. The enhanced radiation methods can also be applied to ablate unwanted tissues or cells ex vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L6
     ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
ΑN
     2004:41216 CAPLUS
DN
     140:90328
     Nanoparticle polyanion conjugates and methods of use
ΤI
     thereof in detecting analytes
IN
     Storhoff, James J.; Letsinger, Robert L.; Hagenow, Susan R.
     Nanosphere Inc., USA
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
so
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
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                                            APPLICATION NO.
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ΡI
     WO 2004004647
                          A2
                                20040115
                                             WO 2003-US21021
                                                                     20030702
     WO 2004004647
                          A3
                                20040325
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
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         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
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     CA 2490413
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                                          CA 2003-2490413
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     AU 2003247788
                          A1
                                 20040123
                                             AU 2003-247788
                                                                     20030702
     US 2004053222
                          A1
                                 20040318
                                             US 2003-612422
                                                                     20030702
     EP 1540006
                          A2
                                20050615
                                            EP 2003-763192
                                                                     20030702
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     JP 2005532456
                          Т
                                 20051027
                                             JP 2004-519869
                                                                     20030702
PRAI US 2002-393255P
                          Р
                                 20020702
     WO 2003-US21021
                          W
                                 20030702
AB
     This invention provides polyanionic polymer conjugates containing
     non-nucleotide polyanionic polymers that are useful in detecting
     target analytes such as proteins or small mols. The invention also
     provides nanoparticle bound to polyanionic
     polymer conjugates and methods of preparation and use thereof.
     polyanionic polymer conjugates have the formula:
     L-O[PO2-O-Z-O]n-PO2-O-X (I), wherein n ranges from 1 to 200; L represents
     a moiety comprising a functional group for attaching the polyanion
     polymer to the nanoparticle surface; Z represents a
     bridging group, and X represents Q, X', or -Q-X',,
     wherein Q represents a functional group for attaching a recognition probe
     to the polyanion polymer, and X' represents a recognition probe.
     I, prepared using standard phosphoramidite chemical, was conjugated to 30
     nm diameter gold particles and used to detect streptavidin.
     ANSWER 7 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN
L6
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^{2004:255157} USPATFULL AN

TΙ Endosomolytic polymers

IN Rozema, David B., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES Wakefield, Darren, Fitchburg, WI, UNITED STATES

Wolff, Jon A., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES Trubetskoy, Vladimir, Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES Budker, Vladimir G., Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES Hagstrom, James E., Middleton, WI, UNITED STATES Loomis, Aaron G., Prairie du Sac, WI, UNITED STATES Monahan, Sean D., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES Slattum, Paul M., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES US 2004198687 PΙ 20041007 A1 ΑI US 2004-816081 20040401 (10) A1 US 2003-460455P PRAI 20030404 (60) DΤ Utility FS APPLICATION Mark K. Johnson, Mirus, 505 S. South Rosa Road, Madison, WI, 53719 LREP CLMN Number of Claims: 23 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 3 Drawing Page(s) DRWN LN.CNT 945 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. AB We describe pH-sensitive endosomolytic polymers, delivery particles containing pH-sensitive endosomolytic polymers. The described particles are capable of delivering polynucleotides to cells from the peripheral circulation with subsequent release from endosomes. The endosomolytic polymers are inactive outside the cell but disrupt membranes upon exposure to an acidified endosomal compartment. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 8 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN L6 2004:234040 USPATFULL ΑN TIMethods of enhancing radiation effects with metal nanoparticles Hainfeld, James F., Shorcham, NY, UNITED STATES Slatkin, Daniel N., Southold, NY, UNITED STATES IN PΙ US 2004181114 A1 20040916 US 6955639 B2 20051018 US 2003-387059 **A**1 AΤ 20030312 (10) DΤ Utility FS APPLICATION LREP SCULLY SCOTT MURPHY & PRESSER, PC, 400 GARDEN CITY PLAZA, GARDEN CITY, NY, 11530 Number of Claims: 41 CLMN Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL DRWN 2 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1440 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. AB The present invention provides methods of using metal nanoparticles 0.5 to 400 nm in diameter to enhance the dose and effectiveness of x-rays or of other kinds of radiation in therapeutic regimes of ablating a target tissue such as tumor. The metal nanoparticles can be administered intravenously, intra-arterially, or locally to achieve specific loading in and around the target tissue. The metal nanoparticles can also be linked to chemical and/or biochemical moieties which bind specifically to the target tissue. The enhanced radiation methods can also be applied to ablate unwanted tissues or cells ex vivo. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 9 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN L6 ΑN 2004:69995 USPATFULL ΤI Nanoparticle polyanion conjugates and methods of use thereof in detecting analytes IN Storhoff, James J., Evanston, IL, UNITED STATES Letsinger, Robert L., Bloomington, IN, UNITED STATES Hagenow, Susan R., Salem, WI, UNITED STATES PA Nanosphere, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

US 2004053222 PΙ A1 20040318 ΑI US 2003-612422 A1 20030702 (10) PRAI US 2002-393255P 20020702 (60) DТ Utility FS APPLICATION Emily Miao, McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff, 32nd Floor, 300 S. LREP Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL, 60606 CLMN Number of Claims: 50 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1179 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. This invention provides polyanionic polymer conjugates containing non-nucleotide polyanionic polymers that are useful in detecting target analytes such as proteins or small molecules. The invention also provides nanoparticles bound to polyanionic

polymer conjugates and methods of preparation and use thereof.

L--O--[PO.sub.2--O--Z--O].sub.n--PO.sub.2--O--X

The polyanionic polymer conjugates have the formula:

wherein n ranges from 1 to 200; L represents a moiety comprising a functional group for attaching the polyanion polymer to the nanoparticle surface; Z represents a bridging group, and X represents Q, X' or --Q--X', wherein Q represents a functional group for attaching a recognition probe to the polyanion polymer, and X' represents a recognition probe.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.